

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <u>http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content</u>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

SINGULAR CIRCUMSTANCE.

During the time of the cessation of arms, in the year 1777, while the articles of capitulation were preparing at Saratoga, the soldiers of the British and American armies often discoursed with each other from the opposite banks of Hudson's river, (which at Saratoga is about thirty yards wide, and not very deep.) A soldier in a British regiment, named Maguire, came down to the banks of the river with a number of his companions, who engaged in conversation with a party of Americans on the opposite shore. In a short time something was observed very forcibly to strike the mind of Maguire. He suddenly darted from his companions, and plunged into the stream. At the very same moment, one of the American soldiers, seized by a similar impulse, resolutely dashed into the water, from the opposite shore. The wondering soldiers on both sides, beheld them eagerly swim towards the middle of the river, where they met. They hung on each others necks, and wept; and the loud cries of "my dear brother! my dear brother!!" which accompanied the spectators. They were brothers—the first had emigrated from Ireland, and the other had entered the army; one was in the British, and the other in the American service, totally ignorant until that hour, that they were engaged in hostile combat against each other's life.

THE CRIMINAL-A POEM. He sitteth at the window of his cell, That bloodstained criminal, and his dark eye,

Where joy and happiness were wont to dwell, Is full of deep despairing agony

A long, a bursting, and remorseful sigh, Proceedeth from his heart, and to his brow His hands are pressed, as tho' it were to try

And crush the thoughts that sweep upon him now !

The thick dark bars almost exclude the day; Yet thro' them gleams one ray of quiv'ring light, Which, as tho' in mute mockery, doth play Around his form and makes that dungeon bright;

The guilty one is fettered, and the might Of his young limbs is strongly bound with chains;

But they do not confine the spirit's flight-No link its dreamy fantasies restrains.

And what now are his thoughts ? His childhood's hour ; His infant prattlings, and his sire's caress ; But why doth his pale brow so sudden lour

And darkly frown with phrenzied bitterness ? He sees in thought his mother's mute distress When first he left his happy home : her eye

With all a mother's doating tenderness Is fixed on his, full, agonized and dry.

His little sister too doth weeping stand, And looketh wistfully into his face; And his poor spaniel strives to lick his hand As he returneth from his bounding race. Those early scenes in after life we trace, And keen and bitter are the pangs they bring; But what were his-the branded with disgrace-Whose conscience goaded with undying sting?

Altho' he wept not, his dark tearless eye Had madd'ning grief in its half phrenzied stare ; (That grief that hath no tears is agony-The very soul in silence it doth sear.) And to his fevered brow the cooling air Came murmuring through the prison bars, and played With the damp matted tresses of his hair, And fanned his cheek so wan and so decayed !

There is beside him an old feeble man,

With deeply furrowed brow and silvery hair,
We near the source of the glorious plan
Which we have the source of the glorious plan
Which we have the source of the

Oh ! there are feelings in the human heart That may for years lie hushed in deep repose,

Then in a moment from their slumber start, Roused by the bitterness of human woes ; And dreadful are their agonizing throes :

The pangs of our whole life, in one wild sweep, Rush o'er the soul-the blood half stagnant flows,

How blest are they who at such time can weep !

"Father," he said, while o'er his features came A slight convulsive spasm, as he tried

To struggle with the consciousness of shame, And fain his deeds from all the world would hide. His voice was choking too as tho' he tried

To force himself to speak ; and one faint tinge Of crimson flushed his cheek, while tears did glide

In silence from beneath his eyes' dark fringe,

"Father ! I had one sister-a sweet child ;---I loved ner ; she was all in all to me ;-

So pure--so young--so beautiful--so mild--So full of joy and youth's vivacity !

We were, when young, left orphans ; and as she Had no fond mother to watch o'er her youth,

My pride, my only pride, was aye to be Instructing her in innocence and truth.

She grew up in her beauty, like a flower, And loved me with an intense tenderness;

And were we parted but one little hour, When I'd return I'd find her in distress ; Then to my heart her yielding form I'd press,

And kiss the tear-drops from her radiant eyes; And they would laugh in their own happiness, And brighten with her young heart's exstacies !

Too soon, alas! the fell destroyer came

To wither up this flower with the blight Of trust betrayed. He left her unto shame. Her beauty faded and her eye, so bright, Grew glazed and lustreless. With aching sight

I saw her day by day grow worse. She died. Then what was life to me? One endless night!

A dark, a stagnant, changeless, hopeless tide!

I lived but for revenge ! I murdered him ;---I dashed him to the earth with giant force:

I gloated on each tortured stillening limb : Within my veins the blood did boiling course; But in one moment, at its very source,

It grew congealed, and cold, cold, cold, and still : I gazed upon the silent reeking corse

And felt the pangs of him that blood doth spill !

I quaffed the maddening wine-cup-but it seemed As the' it were his blood ! I tried to sleep-But when I did-oh ! God on high !-- I dreamed,

I always dreamed of him. I could not weep; My eyes were dry ; my anguish was too deep

For tears. I tried in God to dishelieve

But nought, nought, nought stern thought from me could keep;

Nought could my bursting anguish'd heart relieve !"

He spoke no more—the life blood quivering ran Back to his heart, which burst, and on the floor He sank a lifeless corpse. The good old man Strove to restore him-but all pain was o'er. His manly features were convulsed-they bore The trace of recent anguish; his dark eye Was sternly fixed and rayless; never more Could he feel earthly pain or agony ! OSCAR.

DUBLIN :

Printed and Published by P. D. HARNY, 3, Ceelia Street; to whom all communications are to be audreased.

Sold by all Booksellers in Ireland.

In London, by Richard Groombridge, 6, Panyer-alley, Paternoster.row; in Liverpool, by Willmer and Smith; in Manchester, by Ambery; in Birmingham, by Drake; in Nottingham, by Wright; in Edinburgh, by R. Grant and Son; in Glasgow, by J. Niven, Jun.